

# Transgenic Characterization

## TRANSGENIC CHARACTERIZATION

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From this tab you can browse and select from reporter lines and driver lines used in the creation of the Allen Mouse Brain Connectivity Atlas.

### Searching

Search the Transgenic Mouse dataset by entering a gene symbol or mouse line name into the search box. [Retinal Projectome](#) data includes four experiments with vertical mount sections of the retina. You will be prompted with suggestions once you have started typing. Click "Search" or hit the Enter key.

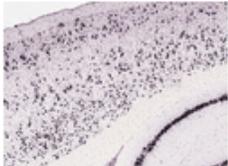


The screenshot shows the top navigation bar with links for HOME, GET STARTED, HELP, and MOUSE CONNECTIVITY (with a dropdown arrow). Below this is a secondary navigation bar with links for PROJECTION HELP, BDA/AAV COMPARISON, TRANSGENIC CHARACTERIZATION (the active tab), REFERENCE DATA, BRAIN EXPLORER, and DOCUMENTATION. A search box is located in the top right corner. Below the navigation is a search form with a 'Tissue Location' section containing checkboxes for 'Brain' and 'Retina', both of which are checked. To the right of this is a text input field labeled 'Enter all or part of mouse line name, driver, or reporter:' with a 'Search' button and a checkbox for 'Show exact matches only'.

You can also browse through the data using tabs on the search page that illustrate all of the [Driver Lines](#) and [Reporter Lines](#) used in this resource.

### Driver Lines

Each driver line is represented by its name, a representative image (which is magnified when clicked) and a description of expression. Clicking on the line name will return [results](#) from all characterization experiments for that particular line.

<p><a href="#">Camk2a-CreERT2</a> Allen Institute for Brain Science</p>		<p>Sparse populations of neurons in the cortex, hippocampus, striatum, and other structures in the absence of tamoxifen. After tamoxifen administration, reporter gene expression is turned on in widespread populations of neurons in the same regions listed above.</p>
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### Reporter Lines

This tab lists all the characterized reporter lines with a description of their expression patterns.

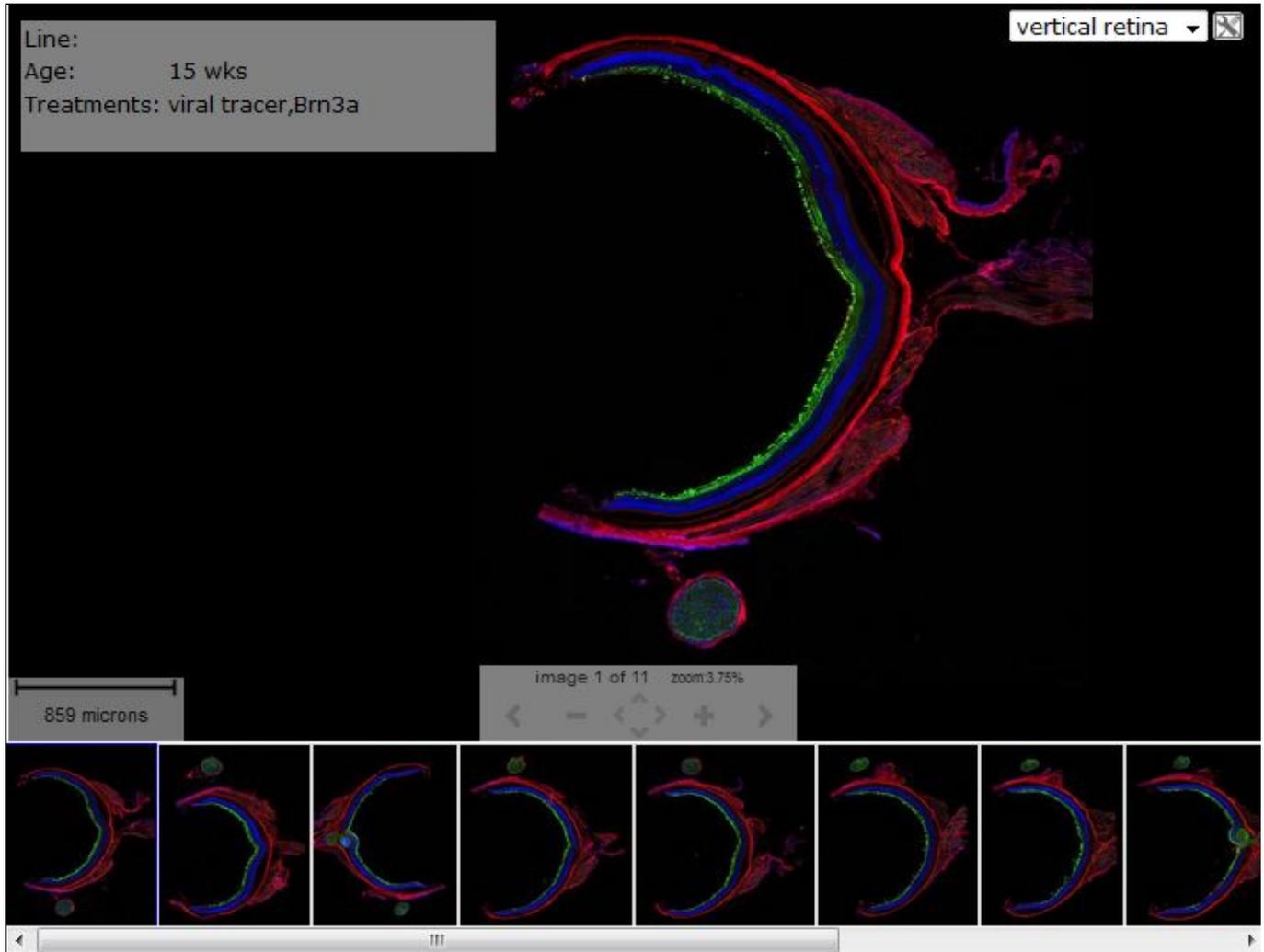
### Retinal Projectome

Representative retinas were sectioned in the vertical plane for characterization of morphology and co-localization with markers for well defined

retinal ganglion cell (RGC) types. Four markers were used:

- VACHT (vesicular acetylcholine transporter) - a marker of inner plexiform layers,
- CART (cocaine-amphetamine related transcript) - a marker of ON/OFF direction selective retinal ganglion cells,
- OPN osteopontin - a marker of large/ dephosphorylated neurofilament-positive RGCs,
- Brn3a which labels ~80% of all RGCs and is a Pit/Oct/Unc (POU) domain transcription factor.

Each experiment shows the GFP viral tracer infection in green, the marker in red and a DAPI stain in blue.



## Search Results

Clicking on Search will return a list of experiments based on your search criteria with information on the Experiment ID, Line Name, Driver, Reporter, Probes, Age, Sex, Treatments and Image Count. Click on the Experiment ID to be taken to the [Experiment Detail Page](#)



Camk2a-CreERT2--Ai14

**Experiment 81658005**

Transgenic Mouse: Camk2a-CreERT2--Ai14 **1**

Driver: Camk2a-CreERT2

Reporter: Ai14

Related Gene: Camk2a

Probes: tdTomato (RP\_090303\_02\_G01)

Plane of Section: sagittal

Treatments: ISH

Induction: no Tamoxifen treatment

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**Specimen Ai14/Camk2a-2268-CreER**

Organism: Mus musculus

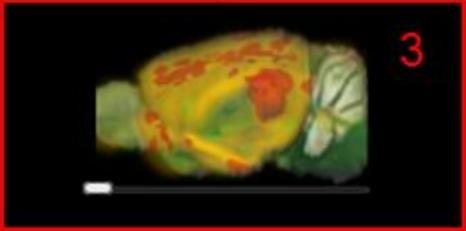
Strain: ai14/camk2acreer

Age: 84

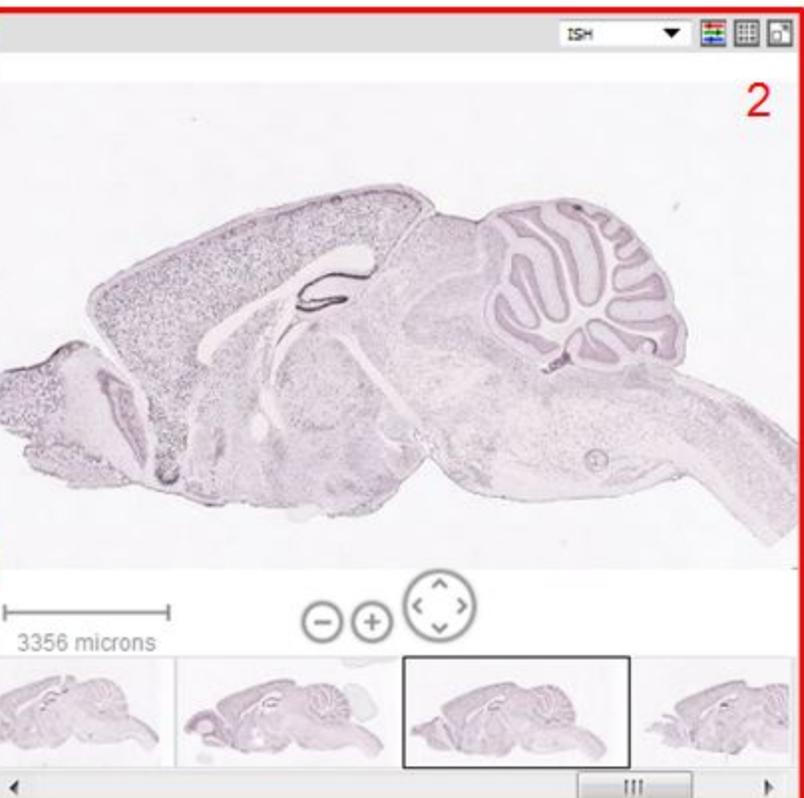
Sex: M

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**Related Institute Data**



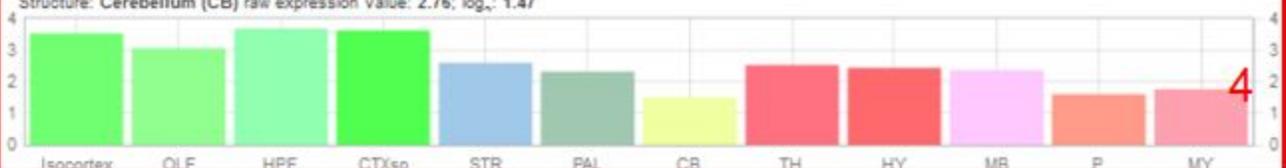
**3**



**2**

3356 microns

Structure: Cerebellum (CB) raw expression value: 2.76, log<sub>e</sub>: 1.47



**4**

**Transgenic Lines**

Type	Name	Stock#	Source	Originating Lab
driver	Camk2a-CreERT2	012382	JAX	Allen Institute for Brain Science
reporter	Ai14	007914	JAX	Allen Institute for Brain Science

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**Probe RP\_090303\_02\_G01**

Type	RNA	Orientation	Antisense
NCBI Accession	AY678269.1	Forward Primer	ATCAAAGAGTTCATGCGCTTC
GI	55420623	Reverse primer	GTCCACGATGGGTAGTCCTC

Sequence:  
 ATCAAAGAGTTCATGCGCTTC AAGGTGCGCATGGAGGGCTCCATGAACGGCCACGAGTTCGAGATCGAGGGCGAGGGCGAGGGCCGCCCTACGAGGGCACCACAG  
 CCGCCAAAGCTGAAGGTGACCAAGGGCGGCCCTCGCCCTTCGCGCTGGGACATCCTGTCCCCCAAGTTCATGTACGGCTCCAAGGGCTACGTGAAGCACCCCGCG  
 ACATCCCCGATTACAAGAAGCTGTCCCTCCCGAGGGCTCAAGTGGGAGCGCGTGTGAACCTTCGAGGACGGCGTCTGGTGACC GTGACCCAGGACTCCTCCCTG  
 CAGGACGGCACGCTGATCTACAAGGTGAAGATGCGCGGCCACCACTTCCCCCGGACGGCCCGGTAATGCAGAAGAAGACCATGGGCTGGGAGGCCCTCCACCGAG  
 CGCCTGTACCCCGCGACGGCGTGTGAAGGGCGAGATCCACCAGGCCCTGAAGCTGAAGGACGGCGGCCACTACCTGGTGGAGTTCAAGACCATCTACATGGCCA  
 AGAAGCCCGTGCAACTGCCCGGCTACTACTAGTGGACACCAAGCTGGACATCACCTCCACAACGAGGACTACACCATCGTGGAA

**6**

The various sections of the experimental detail page are outlined 1-6 as follows:

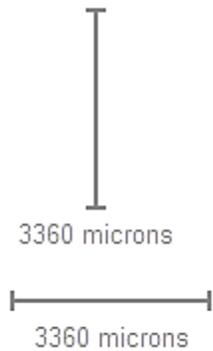
- 1. Experimental Metadata:** Experiment ID, Transgenic Mouse, Driver, Reporter, Related Gene (click for Adult Mouse data), Probes, Plane of Section, Treatments, Induction; **Specimen Data:** Specimen ID, Organism, Strain, Age, Sex. **Related Institute Data:** provides links to related data in other Allen Brain Atlas resources
- 2. Image Viewer:** Zoom and Pan Viewer
- 3. 3D Thumbnail Viewer:** Rotate using the slider bar under the image
- 4. Histogram:** Relative gene expression in large structures of the brain (for stages older than P28). Hovering your mouse over the histogram will sync the image in the single image viewer with the section corresponding to that structure and expression.
- 5. Transgenic Line Metadata:** Transgenic lines involved in this experiment including the Type, Name, Stock #, Source (link to provider), and the Originating Lab.
- 6. Probe Information:** Probe ID, Type, NCBI Accession, GI, Orientation, Forward Primer, Reverse Primer and Sequence.

## Using the Zoom And Pan (ZAP) Image Viewer

The Zoom and Pan (ZAP) Image Viewer is a powerful tool to navigate and view the images in an experiment. The main part of the viewer is an interactive window where an image can be repositioned by dragging with a mouse. Use the scroll wheel, on-screen navigation buttons or the [keyboard](#) commands to zoom in or out.

Select other images in the experiment by clicking on a thumbnail image below the main viewer.

### Scale Bar



Drag the scale bar with your mouse to the desired location. Click the scale bar text with your mouse to toggle between horizontal and vertical.

### Using the ZAP Viewer Toolbar

Use the toolbar to take actions on the image that currently has focus. Toolbar controls include:

Control	Function
	Select ISH, Nissl or <a href="#">Expression</a> image type

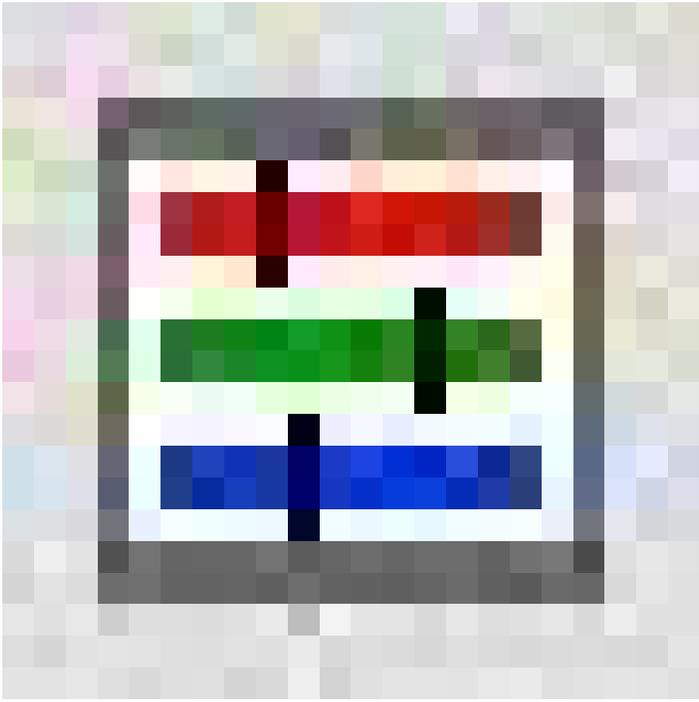
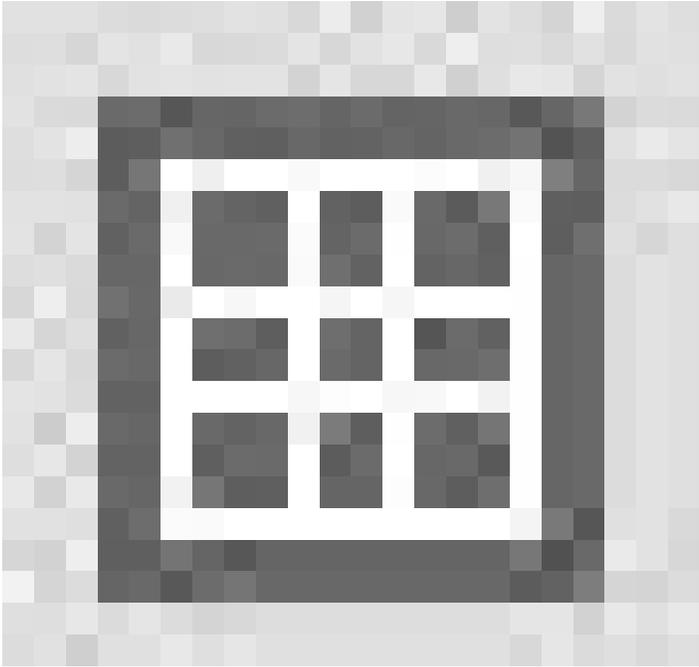
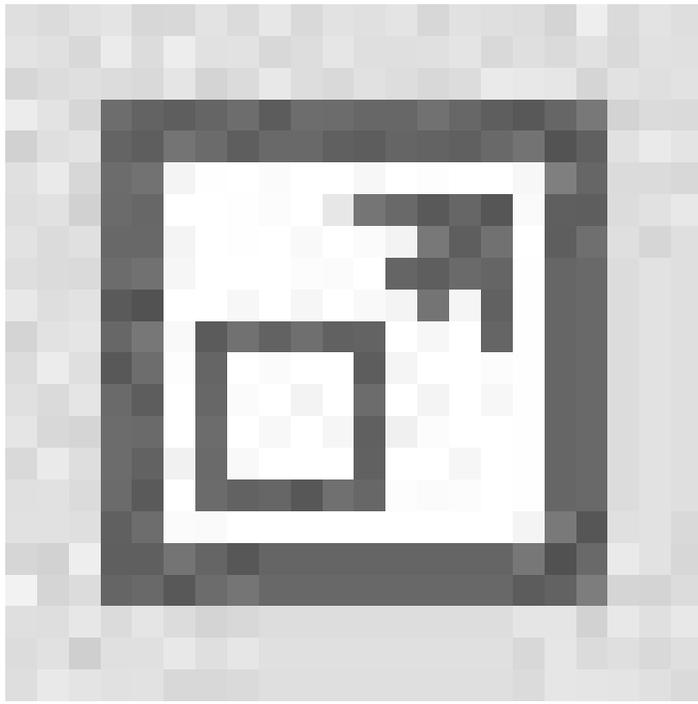


Image adjust controls



Display all thumbnail images in a single contact sheet



[Open the selected image in the High Resolution Image Viewer](#)

## Keyboard Commands

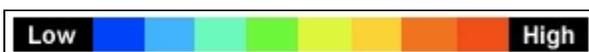
Use the keyboard to navigate through the image series and synchronize the viewers on the page. Keyboard commands include:

Key	Function
F	Advance to the next image in the series
D	Go back to the previous image in the series
R	Advance to the last image in the series
E	Go back to the first image in the series
A	Zoom in
Z	Zoom out
S	Sync all viewers on the page to the zoom level and location of the active viewer
+	Zoom in. Please note that some keyboards may require the [Shift] key be held down while pressing the [+] key
-	Zoom out

You can also use the arrow keys to pan the current image.

## Expression Energy

The expression mask image display highlights those cells that have the highest probability of gene expression using a heat map color scale (from low/blue to high/red).



The Expression Energy was calculated as follows: Within a given area A (voxel or structure), expression energy = (sum of intensity of expressing pixels in A) / (sum of all pixels in A)